

CHILD & FAMILY INEQUITIES SCORE

Technical Report

The *Child & Family Inequities Score* provides a neighbourhood-level measure of the socio-economic challenges that children and families experience. The *Child & Family Inequities Score* is a tool to help explain the variation in socio-economic status across the City of Toronto neighbourhoods. It will help service providers to understand the context of the neighbourhoods and communities that they serve. It will also help policy makers and researchers understand spatial inequities in child and family outcomes. While other composite measures of socio-economic status in the City exist, the *Child & Family Inequities Score* is unique because it uses indicators that are specific to families with children under the age of 12.

The *Child & Family Inequities Score* is a summary measure derived from indicators which describe inequities experienced by the child and family population in each of Toronto's 140 neighbourhoods. The *Child & Family Inequities Score* is comprised of 5 indicators:

- **Low Income Measure:** Percent of families with an after-tax family income that falls below the Low Income Measure.
- **Parental Unemployment:** Percent of families with at least one unemployed parent / caregiver.
- **Low Parental Education:** Percent of families with at least one parent / caregiver that does not have a high school diploma.
- **No Knowledge of Official Language:** Percent of families with no parents who have knowledge of either official language (English or French).
- **Core Housing Need:** Percent of families in core housing need¹.

This report provides technical details on how the *Child & Family Inequities Score* was created and describes how the resulting score should be interpreted.

¹ "A household is said to be in core housing need if its housing falls below at least one of the adequacy, affordability or suitability standards and it would have to spend 30% or more of its total before-tax income to pay the median rent of alternative local housing that meets all three housing standards." (CMHC, Definition of Core Housing Need).

Indicator Selection

The choice of indicators was informed by roundtable discussion with experts and researchers that were brought together by the Child & Family Network, as well as research on the effects of socioeconomic status on child well-being, and the social determinants of child health². Five community determinants (i.e. income & income distribution; employment & job security; education & literacy; race, language & culture; and housing) were determined to be of primary importance to understanding the context of child development. These five community determinants were chosen because they are known social determinants of child health that reflect the important role that social demographic factors play in influencing healthy child development³.

From each of these determinants, one indicator was chosen based on availability and quality of data. Data for the low-income measure was taken from income tax data provided by Statistics Canada. Income tax data includes annual information from all Canadians who filed a personal tax return. For the *Child & Family Inequities Score*, income tax data from 2013 (the most recent year of income tax data that was available) was used.

Data for the four remaining indicators was ascertained from the National Household Survey (NHS) in 2011. The NHS is a voluntary survey of 4.5 million households that was used in place of the long-form census. It provides information on social and economic characteristics of the population including immigration, citizenship, place of birth, ethnic origin, visible minorities, religion, Aboriginal peoples, labour, education, place of work, mobility, migration, language of work, income, earnings and housing costs⁴. For the NHS indicators, Statistics Canada provided customized data, in order to obtain the proportion of families with children under age 12⁵ (as opposed to all households, including those with no children).

All indicators were provided by the 140 neighbourhoods in the City of Toronto. Proportions were used, rather than absolute numbers of children or families, to account for inconsistencies in geographic distribution of children and families and unequal population densities of neighbourhoods.

Approach to Combining Indicators

² Raphael, D. (2014). Social determinants of children's health in Canada: Analysis and implications. *International Journal of Child, Youth and Family Studies*, 5(2), 220-239.

³ Maggi, S., Irwin, L. J., Siddiqi, A., & Hertzman, C. (2010). The social determinants of early child development: an overview. *Journal of Paediatrics and Child Health*, 46(11), 627-635. Bradley, R. H., & Corwyn, R. F. (2002). Socioeconomic status and child development. *Annual Review of Psychology*, 53(1), 371-399.

⁴ Statistics Canada. (2016). *National Household Survey (NHS) Profile, 2011 – About the data*. Statistics Canada. Retrieved 3 February 2016, from <https://www12.statcan.gc.ca/nhs-enm/2011/dp-pd/profi/help-aid/aboutdata-aposodonnees.cfm?Lang=E>.

⁵ Families with children include both lone-parent and two-parent households where children primarily reside.

Indicators were combined into a summary measure to provide information about the context of socio-economic inequities in each neighbourhood. Indicators in summary measures or scores can be combined in different ways. An arbitrary weighting method chosen for a number of reasons including:

- Indicators were chosen a priori, given their significance in the academic literature, insights from stakeholders and knowledge from agencies that provide services across the City.
- Arbitrary weighting is a straightforward approach that is more easily understood by stakeholders than statistical weighting methodologies.
- Arbitrary weighting approaches do not impose restrictions on the type or distribution of the data used in the indicators.
- In other index measures of child well-being, income indicators are weighted more heavily, given the strong relationship between low income and negative outcomes in child health and emotional and social well-being⁶⁻⁷.

The following arbitrary weights were applied to the standardized indicators, prior to summing the indicators to create a score for each neighbourhood:

Weight Applied	Indicator
40%	Low Income Measure
15%	Parental Unemployment
15%	Low Parental Education
15%	No Knowledge of Official Language
15%	Core Housing Need

Creating the Score

Proportions were obtained for each of the 5 indicators by the 140 Toronto neighbourhoods. Descriptive statistics were used to assess the distribution and completeness of these indicators. Outlier neighbourhoods were further investigated and verified with Statistics Canada to ensure accuracy of the information. No transformations or restrictions were used on outlier neighbourhoods.

Indicators were then z-standardized. This standardization was necessary to ensure that each indicator contributed equally to the overall score, despite some indicators have a higher mean score than others (e.g. percent of families with an after-tax family income that falls below the Low Income Measure had higher percentages for each neighbourhood, compare to percent of families where no caregiver has knowledge of official languages). Weights, as described above, were applied to the z-standardized indicators and indicators were then summed to produce a score for each neighbourhood.

⁶ Marmot, M., Friel, S., Bell, R., Houweling, T. A., Taylor, S., & Commission on Social Determinants of Health. (2008). Closing the gap in a generation: health equity through action on the social determinants of health. *The Lancet*, 372(9650), 1661-1669.

⁷ Pickett, K. E., & Wilkinson, R. G. (2007). Child wellbeing and income inequality in rich societies: ecological cross sectional study. *British Medical Journal*, 335(7629), 1080.

Neighbourhoods were then sorted by score and divided into 4 equal groups (with 35 neighbourhoods in each). Information about the score and the five indicators for the 140 neighbourhoods is available in **Appendix 1**. The scores range from 1.80 to -1.37. Higher scores indicate higher percentages of low-income families, parental unemployment, low parental education, no knowledge of official languages, and core housing need. Lower (negative) scores indicate neighbourhoods where children and families face less socio-economic inequities.

Interpreting the Child & Family Inequities Score

The score that resulted from the *Child & Family Inequities Score* was then used to group neighbourhoods into four categories with an equal number of neighbourhoods in each group, based on the amount of inequities experienced by children and families: Very High, High, Low and Very Low. For more information on the categorization, see **Appendix 2**.

The *Child & Family Inequities Score* is not intended to be used to compare or prioritize neighbourhoods based on the level of inequities. Rather, it provides a summary score that allows us to quantify the level of inequities experienced by children and families in a neighbourhood while simultaneously considering five different indicators of inequity. The *Child & Family Inequities Score* is a powerful tool for understanding inequities that affect child and family well-being outcomes across the City.

It is also important to note that neighbourhoods with scores in the bottom 25% experience a 'Very Low' level of inequities. This does not mean that these children and families in these neighbourhoods do not experience social, economic or cultural barriers to achieving good health and well-being. Rather, it indicates that at a population level, the social context in these neighbourhoods is, on average, less disadvantaged, as compared to neighbourhoods with a 'Low', 'High' or 'Very High' levels of inequities. The same population-level interpretation should be used when thinking about the neighbourhoods with 'Very High' or 'High' inequities.

Appendix 1: Summary of Indicators and Score

Notes

- For each of the five indicators, higher proportions (%) indicate more inequities within the neighbourhood. More inequities is generally associated with less favourable outcomes for child and family well-being.
- Higher scores indicate more inequities experienced by children and families. Lower scores indicate less inequities.

Neighbourhood (Number)	Low Income Measure (%)	Parental Unemployment (%)	Low Parental Education (%)	No Knowledge of Official Language (%)	Core Housing Need (%)	Score
West Humber-Clairville (1)	27.72	11.94	18.06	1.13	18.09	0.19
Mount Olive-Silverstone-Jamestown (2)	41.55	18.32	26.60	2.95	42.17	1.35
Thistletown-Beaumont Heights (3)	30.86	12.37	19.07	0.00	23.08	0.32
Rexdale-Kipling (4)	32.89	6.74	10.11	0.00	25.99	0.10
Elms-Old Rexdale (5)	42.93	8.51	10.11	0.00	38.83	0.63
Kingsview Village-The Westway (6)	42.96	11.52	24.19	2.30	40.23	1.08
Willowridge-Martingrove-Richview (7)	27.04	12.81	13.37	0.00	21.79	0.11
Humber Heights-Westmount (8)	27.54	5.96	24.50	0.00	29.80	0.17
Edenbridge-Humber Valley (9)	16.22	6.58	0.00	0.00	18.44	-0.70
Princess-Rosethorn (10)	10.49	1.73	2.31	0.00	10.92	-1.09
Eringate-Centennial-West Deane (11)	15.25	11.44	1.48	0.00	17.04	-0.56
Markland Woods (12)	13.68	0.00	0.00	0.00	14.58	-1.04
Etobicoke West Mall (13)	26.43	5.88	13.37	0.00	34.41	0.01
Islington-City Centre West (14)	23.53	10.18	4.91	0.00	19.65	-0.25
Kingsway South (15)	5.26	2.41	0.00	0.00	2.42	-1.37
Stonegate-Queensway (16)	12.78	11.01	4.68	0.00	15.46	-0.62
Mimico (17)	22.41	9.20	8.91	0.00	25.57	-0.18
New Toronto (18)	28.13	4.38	6.88	0.00	32.50	-0.11
Long Branch (19)	20.87	12.18	0.00	0.00	14.01	-0.41
Alderwood (20)	11.76	3.70	4.76	0.00	16.49	-0.88
Humber Summit (21)	33.81	13.06	26.12	0.00	25.00	0.58
Humbermede (22)	36.14	14.11	23.31	0.00	39.08	0.81
Pelmo Park-Humberlea (23)	21.29	4.55	12.50	0.00	20.57	-0.37
Black Creek (24)	46.41	12.82	27.96	3.68	39.53	1.35
Glenfield-Jane Heights (25)	44.74	13.48	32.90	3.19	35.27	1.32
Downsview-Roding-CFB (26)	31.34	13.45	21.78	1.76	30.16	0.58
York University Heights (27)	35.21	14.49	22.57	2.07	37.27	0.85

Neighbourhood (Number)	Low Income Measure (%)	Parental Unemployment (%)	Low Parental Education (%)	No Knowledge of Official Language (%)	Core Housing Need (%)	Score
Rustic (28)	47.89	11.95	12.39	0.00	43.61	1.00
Maple Leaf (29)	26.76	7.41	19.05	0.00	34.39	0.16
Brookhaven-Amesbury (30)	36.45	9.23	22.56	2.57	50.90	0.91
Yorkdale-Glen Park (31)	29.69	11.06	24.34	0.00	34.96	0.47
Englemount-Lawrence (32)	31.03	7.71	6.75	0.00	25.78	0.02
Clanton Park (33)	15.97	2.55	0.00	0.00	18.98	-0.83
Bathurst Manor (34)	19.69	5.81	3.88	0.00	21.71	-0.51
Westminster-Branson (35)	30.00	9.93	3.87	0.00	31.40	0.07
Newtonbrook West (36)	30.47	12.27	1.23	0.00	26.52	0.07
Willowdale West (37)	17.22	5.00	0.00	0.00	8.96	-0.82
Lansing-Westgate (38)	15.04	10.16	0.00	0.00	15.23	-0.66
Bedford Park-Nortown (39)	10.84	2.99	1.38	0.00	11.03	-1.05
St.Andrew-Windfields (40)	19.83	5.79	0.00	1.17	12.84	-0.61
Bridle Path-Sunnybrook-York Mills (41)	8.26	3.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	-1.28
Banbury-Don Mills (42)	14.55	8.77	1.75	0.75	16.83	-0.63
Victoria Village (43)	37.50	13.45	14.83	1.38	36.68	0.73
Flemingdon Park (44)	47.13	18.11	20.42	4.22	48.31	1.56
Parkwoods-Donalda (45)	29.75	12.24	7.23	0.00	30.83	0.19
Pleasant View (46)	25.39	19.92	1.99	0.00	20.00	0.08
Don Valley Village (47)	28.94	13.43	3.81	0.60	29.26	0.16
Hillcrest Village (48)	27.54	6.83	0.00	0.00	17.67	-0.33
Bayview Woods-Steeles (49)	28.87	13.04	0.00	0.00	15.76	-0.11
Newtonbrook East (50)	30.13	9.95	0.00	0.00	18.23	-0.14
Willowdale East (51)	30.77	9.21	1.48	2.14	15.63	-0.05
Bayview Village (52)	27.36	11.16	0.00	0.00	23.41	-0.13
Henry Farm (53)	33.33	16.80	0.00	0.00	38.43	0.43
O'Connor-Parkview (54)	30.40	7.84	11.76	0.00	26.33	0.09
Thornclyffe Park (55)	55.99	12.42	19.16	4.01	54.22	1.70
Leaside-Bennington (56)	4.73	5.69	1.20	0.00	3.31	-1.26
Broadview North (57)	26.87	8.65	11.89	0.00	32.80	0.07
Old East York (58)	15.20	2.52	0.00	0.00	16.46	-0.88
Danforth - East York (59)	15.21	6.44	3.05	0.00	12.79	-0.75
Woodbine-Lumsden (60)	17.31	6.06	0.00	0.00	15.91	-0.71
Crescent Town (61)	44.89	17.02	6.38	0.00	44.41	0.98

Neighbourhood (Number)	Low Income Measure (%)	Parental Unemployment (%)	Low Parental Education (%)	No Knowledge of Official Language (%)	Core Housing Need (%)	Score
East End-Danforth (62)	21.30	6.77	2.01	0.00	15.37	-0.53
The Beaches (63)	8.58	11.50	0.00	0.00	4.75	-0.94
Woodbine Corridor (64)	16.16	7.00	3.70	0.00	6.61	-0.76
Greenwood-Coxwell (65)	25.00	9.92	9.09	3.70	15.23	-0.02
Danforth (66)	12.33	5.71	0.00	0.00	7.43	-0.98
Playter Estates-Danforth (67)	10.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.69	-1.26
North Riverdale (68)	10.18	3.52	0.00	0.00	7.49	-1.12
Blake-Jones (69)	34.35	6.50	12.20	0.00	26.02	0.17
South Riverdale (70)	25.93	8.47	17.92	9.44	17.92	0.41
Cabbagetown-South St.James Town (71)	18.92	3.70	0.00	0.00	11.01	-0.79
Regent Park (72)	63.58	9.89	12.64	2.75	44.51	1.59
Moss Park (73)	51.97	9.02	12.03	0.00	24.81	0.81
North St.James Town (74)	46.89	11.03	12.55	0.00	41.06	0.91
Church-Yonge Corridor (75)	31.58	13.38	4.23	0.00	27.46	0.20
Bay Street Corridor (76)	40.46	12.77	0.00	0.00	19.25	0.30
Waterfront Communities-The Island (77)	26.18	6.38	5.47	0.00	15.20	-0.33
Kensington-Chinatown (78)	41.84	10.96	22.60	13.01	30.82	1.40
University (79)	17.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-1.09
Palmerston-Little Italy (80)	14.66	7.30	0.00	0.00	7.97	-0.85
Trinity-Bellwoods (81)	20.86	4.23	15.49	15.89	17.29	0.37
Niagara (82)	22.76	13.40	5.26	1.44	14.42	-0.16
Dufferin Grove (83)	23.93	7.14	14.29	4.52	28.39	0.13
Little Portugal (84)	19.55	10.83	10.19	3.18	15.29	-0.17
South Parkdale (85)	35.00	14.74	18.59	2.88	44.23	0.91
Roncesvalles (86)	16.50	7.81	11.72	3.92	18.43	-0.27
High Park-Swansea (87)	13.22	7.63	1.32	0.00	11.61	-0.82
High Park North (88)	13.03	6.60	0.00	0.00	12.87	-0.86
Runnymede-Bloor West Village (89)	6.29	6.88	0.00	0.00	9.59	-1.11
Junction Area (90)	17.28	10.50	5.46	0.00	13.45	-0.51
Weston-Pellam Park (91)	32.75	9.35	33.18	4.67	31.31	0.83
Corsa Italia-Davenport (92)	21.18	5.63	20.19	1.87	20.09	-0.14
Dovercourt-Wallace Emerson-Junction (93)	22.03	8.89	19.57	3.75	22.68	0.11
Wychwood (94)	15.34	4.59	5.96	0.00	11.93	-0.77
Annex (95)	17.41	8.09	2.57	0.00	7.72	-0.69

Neighbourhood (Number)	Low Income Measure (%)	Parental Unemployment (%)	Low Parental Education (%)	No Knowledge of Official Language (%)	Core Housing Need (%)	Score
Casa Loma (96)	13.04	3.08	0.00	0.00	5.38	-1.06
Yonge-St.Clair (97)	11.36	11.21	0.00	0.00	10.26	-0.80
Rosedale-Moore Park (98)	7.69	4.47	0.00	0.00	4.47	-1.20
Mount Pleasant East (99)	5.71	5.59	0.00	0.00	4.05	-1.24
Yonge-Eglinton (100)	8.96	3.49	0.00	0.00	5.26	-1.19
Forest Hill South (101)	7.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.13	-1.36
Forest Hill North (102)	16.36	13.81	0.00	0.00	20.95	-0.43
Lawrence Park South (103)	5.76	6.25	0.00	0.00	1.47	-1.24
Mount Pleasant West (104)	23.23	13.01	0.00	0.00	22.68	-0.21
Lawrence Park North (105)	4.83	6.04	0.00	0.00	2.20	-1.27
Humewood-Cedarvale (106)	11.76	4.89	0.00	0.00	14.22	-0.94
Oakwood-Vaughan (107)	24.37	8.22	13.97	1.64	29.04	0.05
Briar Hill-Belgravia (108)	24.02	8.16	17.96	0.00	23.67	-0.04
Caledonia-Fairbanks (109)	19.40	14.57	24.12	2.01	25.63	0.23
Keelestone-Eglinton West (110)	26.06	15.17	42.13	0.00	29.78	0.70
Rockcliffe-Smythe (111)	35.95	15.70	28.61	3.05	31.98	1.00
Beechborough-Greenbrook (112)	45.54	3.08	23.85	0.00	41.09	0.79
Weston (113)	41.14	13.18	21.78	0.00	41.38	0.94
Lambton Baby Point (114)	24.32	0.00	6.06	0.00	21.47	-0.51
Mount Dennis (115)	40.35	15.83	24.82	0.00	37.63	1.01
Steeles (116)	34.16	13.78	12.32	13.24	20.29	0.97
L'Amoreaux (117)	34.93	12.50	16.71	8.96	30.94	0.94
Tam O'Shanter-Sullivan (118)	30.89	10.30	8.58	2.79	38.84	0.41
Wexford/Maryvale (119)	31.16	8.67	14.38	0.00	23.26	0.14
Clairlea-Birchmount (120)	31.80	10.19	9.15	0.00	20.95	0.10
Oakridge (121)	54.84	23.13	18.57	0.00	53.75	1.80
Birchcliffe-Cliffside (122)	18.77	4.44	10.83	0.00	20.83	-0.48
Cliffcrest (123)	24.34	10.26	11.36	0.00	22.34	-0.09
Kennedy Park (124)	42.37	10.21	19.22	0.00	41.74	0.85
Ionview (125)	35.85	11.93	10.29	0.83	36.36	0.53
Dorset Park (126)	33.97	15.77	14.25	1.51	30.89	0.62
Bendale (127)	34.05	12.67	16.44	0.67	33.70	0.55
Agincourt South-Malvern West (128)	31.43	12.50	17.26	9.82	30.95	0.88
Agincourt North (129)	33.50	10.15	21.41	15.64	28.63	1.18

Neighbourhood (Number)	Low Income Measure (%)	Parental Unemployment (%)	Low Parental Education (%)	No Knowledge of Official Language (%)	Core Housing Need (%)	Score
Milliken (130)	37.13	15.91	23.04	16.63	27.32	1.55
Rouge (131)	20.55	11.04	11.93	0.00	19.06	-0.21
Malvern (132)	34.83	15.06	18.38	1.87	34.75	0.75
Centennial Scarborough (133)	14.51	7.83	3.91	0.00	9.09	-0.76
Highland Creek (134)	23.72	1.74	5.81	0.00	6.98	-0.65
Morningside (135)	38.20	14.08	17.60	0.00	39.30	0.78
West Hill (136)	41.45	15.00	15.40	0.00	31.94	0.80
Woburn (137)	38.79	15.88	15.32	0.56	38.38	0.84
Eglinton East (138)	41.73	17.00	14.78	0.81	44.13	1.04
Scarborough Village (139)	47.94	19.35	20.83	0.00	53.41	1.49
Guildwood (140)	12.50	2.10	0.00	0.00	11.89	-1.04

Appendix 2: Categorizations of Child & Family Inequities Score

VERY HIGH	
Neighbourhood (Number)	Score
Oakridge (121)	1.80
Thornccliffe Park (55)	1.70
Regent Park (72)	1.59
Flemingdon Park (44)	1.56
Milliken (130)	1.55
Scarborough Village (139)	1.49
Kensington-Chinatown (78)	1.40
Black Creek (24)	1.35
Mount Olive-Silverstone-Jamestown (2)	1.35
Glenfield-Jane Heights (25)	1.32
Agincourt North (129)	1.18
Kingsview Village-The Westway (6)	1.08
Eglinton East (138)	1.04
Mount Dennis (115)	1.01
Rustic (28)	1.00
Rockcliffe-Smythe (111)	1.00
Crescent Town (61)	0.98
Steeles (116)	0.97
Weston (113)	0.94
L'Amoreaux (117)	0.94
South Parkdale (85)	0.91
North St.James Town (74)	0.91
Brookhaven-Amesbury (30)	0.91
Agincourt South-Malvern West (128)	0.88
York University Heights (27)	0.85
Kennedy Park (124)	0.85
Woburn (137)	0.84
Weston-Pellam Park (91)	0.83
Moss Park (73)	0.81
Humbermede (22)	0.81
West Hill (136)	0.80
Beechborough-Greenbrook (112)	0.79
Morningside (135)	0.78
Malvern (132)	0.75
Victoria Village (43)	0.73

HIGH	
Neighbourhood (Number)	Score
Keelesdale-Eglinton West (110)	0.70
Elms-Old Rexdale (5)	0.63
Dorset Park (126)	0.62
Downsview-Roding-CFB (26)	0.58
Humber Summit (21)	0.58
Bendale (127)	0.55
Ionview (125)	0.53
Yorkdale-Glen Park (31)	0.47
Henry Farm (53)	0.43
Tam O'Shanter-Sullivan (118)	0.41
South Riverdale (70)	0.41
Trinity-Bellwoods (81)	0.37
Thistletown-Beaumont Heights (3)	0.32
Bay Street Corridor (76)	0.30
Caledonia-Fairbanks (109)	0.23
Church-Yonge Corridor (75)	0.20
West Humber-Clairville (1)	0.19
Parkwoods-Donalda (45)	0.19
Humber Heights-Westmount (8)	0.17
Blake-Jones (69)	0.17
Maple Leaf (29)	0.16
Don Valley Village (47)	0.16
Wexford/Maryvale (119)	0.14
Dufferin Grove (83)	0.13
Willowridge-Martingrove-Richview (7)	0.11
Dovercourt-Wallace Emerson-Junction (93)	0.11
Clairlea-Birchmount (120)	0.10
Rexdale-Kipling (4)	0.10
O'Connor-Parkview (54)	0.09
Pleasant View (46)	0.08
Broadview North (57)	0.07
Westminster-Branson (35)	0.07
Newtonbrook West (36)	0.07
Oakwood-Vaughan (107)	0.05
Englemount-Lawrence (32)	0.02

LOW	
Neighbourhood (Number)	Score
Etobicoke West Mall (13)	0.01
Greenwood-Coxwell (65)	-0.02
Briar Hill-Belgravia (108)	-0.04
Willowdale East (51)	-0.05
Cliffcrest (123)	-0.09
New Toronto (18)	-0.11
Bayview Woods-Steeles (49)	-0.11
Bayview Village (52)	-0.13
Corsa Italia-Davenport (92)	-0.14
Newtonbrook East (50)	-0.14
Niagara (82)	-0.16
Little Portugal (84)	-0.17
Mimico (17)	-0.18
Mount Pleasant West (104)	-0.21
Rouge (131)	-0.21
Islington-City Centre West (14)	-0.25
Roncesvalles (86)	-0.27
Hillcrest Village (48)	-0.33
Waterfront Communities-The Island (77)	-0.33
Pelmo Park-Humberlea (23)	-0.37
Long Branch (19)	-0.41
Forest Hill North (102)	-0.43
Birchcliffe-Cliffside (122)	-0.48
Junction Area (90)	-0.51
Bathurst Manor (34)	-0.51
Lambton Baby Point (114)	-0.51
East End-Danforth (62)	-0.53
Eringate-Centennial-West Deane (11)	-0.56
St.Andrew-Windfields (40)	-0.61
Stonegate-Queensway (16)	-0.62
Banbury-Don Mills (42)	-0.63
Highland Creek (134)	-0.65
Lansing-Westgate (38)	-0.66
Annex (95)	-0.69
Edenbridge-Humber Valley (9)	-0.70

VERY LOW	
Neighbourhood (Number)	Score
Woodbine-Lumsden (60)	-0.71
Danforth - East York (59)	-0.75
Centennial Scarborough (133)	-0.76
Woodbine Corridor (64)	-0.76
Wychwood (94)	-0.77
Cabbagetown-South St.James Town (71)	-0.79
Yonge-St.Clair (97)	-0.80
High Park-Swansea (87)	-0.82
Willowdale West (37)	-0.82
Clanton Park (33)	-0.83
Palmerston-Little Italy (80)	-0.85
High Park North (88)	-0.86
Alderwood (20)	-0.88
Old East York (58)	-0.88
Humewood-Cedarvale (106)	-0.94
The Beaches (63)	-0.94
Danforth (66)	-0.98
Markland Woods (12)	-1.04
Guildwood (140)	-1.04
Bedford Park-Nortown (39)	-1.05
Casa Loma (96)	-1.06
University (79)	-1.09
Princess-Rosethorn (10)	-1.09
Runnymede-Bloor West Village (89)	-1.11
North Riverdale (68)	-1.12
Yonge-Eglinton (100)	-1.19
Rosedale-Moore Park (98)	-1.20
Mount Pleasant East (99)	-1.24
Lawrence Park South (103)	-1.24
Leaside-Bennington (56)	-1.26
Playter Estates-Danforth (67)	-1.26
Lawrence Park North (105)	-1.27
Bridle Path-Sunnybrook-York Mills (41)	-1.28
Forest Hill South (101)	-1.36
Kingsway South (15)	-1.37